

STATE OF NEW YORK

2253

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 23, 2019

Introduced by Sens. HOYLMAN, SALAZAR -- read twice and ordered printed,
and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to repeal section 240.37 of the penal law, relating to loitering
for the purpose of engaging in a prostitution offense; and to amend
the penal law, the criminal procedure law, the social services law and
the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to making
technical corrections relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assem-
bly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The repeal of section 240.37 of the penal law, as effected
2 by section two of this act, is hereby declared to be ameliorative, and
3 it is the intent of the legislature that no prosecution under such
4 section be commenced, continued, or refiled.
5 § 2. Section 240.37 of the penal law is REPEALED.
6 § 3. Section 230.01 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 189 of the
7 laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:
8 § 230.01 Prostitution; affirmative defense.
9 In any prosecution under section 230.00, section 230.03, section
10 230.19, section 230.20, subdivision 2 of section 230.25, subdivision 2
11 of section 230.30~~[-]~~ or section 230.34-a ~~[or subdivision two of section~~
12 ~~240.37]~~ of this ~~[part]~~ article, it is an affirmative defense that the
13 defendant's participation in the offense was a result of having been a
14 victim of compelling prostitution under section 230.33 of this article,
15 a victim of sex trafficking under section 230.34 of this article, a
16 victim of sex trafficking of a child under section 230.34-a of this
17 article or a victim of trafficking in persons under the trafficking
18 victims protection act (United States Code, Title 22, Chapter 78).
19 § 4. Section 60.47 of the criminal procedure law, as added by section
20 2 of part I of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as
21 follows:
22 § 60.47 Possession of condoms; receipt into evidence.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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Evidence that a person was in possession of one or more condoms may not be admitted at any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in a prosecution for section 230.00 ~~[or section 240.37]~~ of the penal law for the purpose of establishing probable cause for an arrest or proving any person's commission or attempted commission of such offense.

§ 5. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision 1 of section 160.10 of the criminal procedure law, paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 762 of the laws of 1971 and paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 232 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

(c) A misdemeanor defined outside the penal law which would constitute a felony if such person had a previous judgment of conviction for a crime~~, or~~

~~(d) Loitering for the purpose of engaging in a prostitution offense as defined in subdivision two of section 240.37 of the penal law].~~

§ 6. Subdivision 4 of section 170.30 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 402 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

4. After arraignment upon an information, a simplified information, a prosecutor's information or misdemeanor complaint on a charge of prostitution pursuant to section 230.00 of the penal law ~~[or loitering for the purposes of prostitution pursuant to subdivision two of section 240.37 of the penal law, provided that the person does not stand charged with loitering for the purpose of patronizing a prostitute, where such offense allegedly occurred when the person was sixteen or seventeen years of age,]~~ the local criminal court may dismiss such charge in its discretion in the interest of justice on the ground that a defendant participated in services provided to him or her.

§ 7. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 170.80 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 402 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, at any time at or after arraignment on a charge of prostitution pursuant to section 230.00 of the penal law ~~[or loitering for the purposes of prostitution pursuant to subdivision two of section 240.37 of the penal law, provided that the person does not stand charged with loitering for the purpose of patronizing a prostitute, where such offense allegedly occurred when the person was sixteen or seventeen years of age except where]~~, after consultation with counsel, a knowing and voluntary plea of guilty has been entered to such charge, any judge or justice hearing any stage of such case may, upon consent of the defendant after consultation with counsel:

§ 8. Subdivision 2 of section 420.35 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 189 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

2. Under no circumstances shall the mandatory surcharge, sex offender registration fee, DNA databank fee or the crime victim assistance fee be waived provided, however, that a court may waive the crime victim assistance fee if such defendant is an eligible youth as defined in subdivision two of section 720.10 of this chapter, and the imposition of such fee would work an unreasonable hardship on the defendant, his or her immediate family, or any other person who is dependent on such defendant for financial support. A court shall waive any mandatory surcharge, DNA databank fee and crime victim assistance fee when: (i) ~~[the defendant is convicted of loitering for the purpose of engaging in prostitution under section 240.37 of the penal law (provided that the defendant was not convicted of loitering for the purpose of patronizing a person for prostitution); (ii)]~~ the defendant is convicted of prosti-

tution under section 230.00 of the penal law; ~~[(iii)]~~ (ii) the defendant is convicted of a violation in the event such conviction is in lieu of a plea to or conviction for ~~[loitering for the purpose of engaging in prostitution under section 240.37 of the penal law (provided that the defendant was not alleged to be loitering for the purpose of patronizing a person for prostitution) or]~~ prostitution under section 230.00 of the penal law; ~~[or (iv)]~~ (iii) the court finds that a defendant is a victim of sex trafficking under section 230.34 of the penal law or a victim of trafficking in persons under the trafficking victims protection act (United States Code, Title 22, Chapter 78); or ~~[(v)]~~ (iv) the court finds that the defendant is a victim of sex trafficking of a child under section 230.34-a of the penal law.

§ 9. Subdivision 4 of section 720.15 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 402 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

4. Notwithstanding any provision in this article, a person charged with prostitution as defined in section 230.00 of the penal law ~~[or loitering for the purposes of prostitution as defined in subdivision two of section 240.37 of the penal law, provided that the person does not stand charged with loitering for the purpose of patronizing a prostitute, and such person is aged sixteen or seventeen when such offense occurred,~~] regardless of whether such person (i) had prior to commencement of trial or entry of a plea of guilty been convicted of a crime or found a youthful offender, or (ii) subsequent to such conviction for prostitution ~~[or loitering for prostitution]~~ is convicted of a crime or found a youthful offender, the provisions of subdivisions one and two of this section requiring or authorizing the accusatory instrument filed against a youth to be sealed, and the arraignment and all proceedings in the action to be conducted in private shall apply.

§ 10. Subdivision 1 of section 720.35 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 402 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

1. A youthful offender adjudication is not a judgment of conviction for a crime or any other offense, and does not operate as a disqualification of any person so adjudged to hold public office or public employment or to receive any license granted by public authority but shall be deemed a conviction only for the purposes of transfer of supervision and custody pursuant to section two hundred fifty-nine-m of the executive law. A defendant for whom a youthful offender adjudication was substituted, who was originally charged with prostitution as defined in section 230.00 of the penal law ~~[or loitering for the purposes of prostitution as defined in subdivision two of section 240.37 of the penal law provided that the person does not stand charged with loitering for the purpose of patronizing a prostitute, for an offense allegedly committed when he or she was sixteen or seventeen years of age]~~, shall be deemed a "sexually exploited child" as defined in subdivision one of section four hundred forty-seven-a of the social services law and therefore shall not be considered an adult for purposes related to the charges in the youthful offender proceeding or a proceeding under section 170.80 of this chapter.

§ 11. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision 1 of section 447-a of the social services law, as amended by chapter 189 of the laws of 2018, are amended to read as follows:

(c) is a victim of the crime of compelling prostitution as defined in section 230.33 of the penal law;

(d) engages in acts or conduct described in article two hundred sixty-three ~~[or section 240.37]~~ of the penal law.

1 § 12. The third undesignated paragraph of subdivision a of section
2 3-118 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by
3 chapter 189 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

4 Sexually exploited youth. The term "sexually exploited youth" means
5 persons under the age of 18 who have been subject to sexual exploitation
6 because they (a) are the victim of the crime of sex trafficking as
7 defined in section 230.34 of the penal law; (b) engage in any act as
8 defined in section 230.00 of the penal law; (c) are a victim of the
9 crime of compelling prostitution as defined in section 230.33 of the
10 penal law; (d) are a victim of the crime of sex trafficking of a child
11 as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law; or (e) engage in acts
12 or conduct described in article [~~263 or section 240.37~~] two hundred
13 sixty-three of the penal law. The term shall also mean persons under
14 the age of 18 who have been subject to incest in the third degree,
15 second degree or first degree, as defined in sections 255.25, 255.26,
16 and 255.27 of the penal law, respectively, or any of the sex offenses
17 enumerated in article [~~130~~] one hundred thirty of the penal law.

18 § 13. This act shall take effect immediately.